

Revision Date: December 4, 2012

HIPPO Pressure-Weighted Mean Total, 10-km, and 100-m Interval Column Concentrations (R_20121129)



Summary:

The pressure-weighted mean column concentrations of parameters reported in this data set are estimates of the quantities that would be observed from a total column instrument at the top of each profile, i.e., from an airplane looking down or from a satellite (but without the upper atmosphere contribution). Measurements were taken from the dedicated HIPPO Gulfstream V (GV) research aircraft. These are the mean concentrations for each defined profile. There were 787 profiles flown during all 5 Missions. There are five space-delimited format ASCII files included with this data set. They have been compressed into one *.zip file for convenient download.

Values from the 10-second merge data set have been aggregated as pressure-weighted mean concentrations for the defined vertical column intervals. The variable "n.prof" in the data file identifies values used in the calculations. HIPPO flew 787 atmospheric column profiles of varying minimum and maximum altitudes -- most profiles reached 8 or 9 km but 1 profile at the start and 1 profile at the end of each flight went as high as 12 to 15 km.

The total column concentrations include data to the top of every profile. The 10-km concentrations are limited to data below 10 km. (Most profiles reach only 8 or 9 km and thus their 10 km values will be the same as their total column values.) The 100-m interval concentrations for profiles cover a range of altitude interval mid-points from 50 - 14,950 m.

These mean concentrations are derived from results reported in the Merged 10-second data product (cite). Included with each observation are averaged NSF/NCAR G-V aircraft altitude, latitude, and longitude position measurements

Only observations meeting "profile flight criteria" were used in these calculations. Level flight periods were excluded. Values from the 10-second merge data set have been aggregated as pressure-weighted mean concentrations for the defined vertical column intervals.

Pressure-weighted mean concentrations were calculated over the specified altitude interval, where $PWMC = \frac{\sum(\text{parameter} * PSXC)}{\sum(PSXC)}$. PSXC is the reference static pressure from the GV Paroscientific Model 1000 sensor. Intervals with no measurements are "NA".

For the total and 10-km column mean data products, the weight or fraction of the profile sampled for each species is provided in a separate supplemental file (*_wt). The weight is calculated as the fraction of 100-m intervals between the profile minimum and maximum altitudes (z.min and z.max) with non-missing data (i.e., non-missing intervals / total possible intervals). For the GC and whole air sample measurements with lower sampling frequency, the fractions are considerably smaller than for the 10 second measurements.

Supplemental Tool for Profile Subsetting

Using this tool, data are extracted from a particular profile number within a selected HIPPO mission, for variables specified in a list.

The bash (Linux) shell script 'profile_tool.sh' is a bash tool to extract selected data from the HIPPO 100m binned profiles file. The tool was written in November 2012 by Prof. Steven Wofsy of Harvard University. Access the script and a readme file:

ftp://cdiac.ornl.gov/pub/HIPPO/HIPPO_all_docs/profile_tool.sh and
ftp://cdiac.ornl.gov/pub/HIPPO/HIPPO_all_docs/profile_tool_readme.txt.

Data Set Citation:

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Cite this data set as follows:

Wofsy, S. C., B. C. Daube, R. Jimenez, E. Kort, J. V. Pittman, S. Park, R. Commane, B. Xiang, G. Santoni, D. Jacob, J. Fisher, C. Pickett-Heaps, H. Wang, K. Wecht, Q.-Q. Wang, B. B. Stephens, S. Shertz, A.S. Watt, P. Romashkin, T. Campos, J. Haggerty, W. A. Cooper, D. Rogers, S. Beaton, R. Hendershot, J. W. Elkins, D. W. Fahey, R. S. Gao, F. Moore, S. A. Montzka, J. P. Schwarz, A. E. Perring, D. Hurst, B. R. Miller, C. Sweeney, S. Oltmans, D. Nance, E. Hints, G. Dutton, L. A. Watts, J. R. Spackman, K. H. Rosenlof, E. A. Ray, B. Hall, M. A. Zondlo, M. Diao, R. Keeling, J. Bent, E. L. Atlas, R. Lueb, M. J. Mahoney. 2012. **HIPPO Pressure-Weighted Mean Total, 10-km, 100-m Column Concentrations (R_20121129)**. Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, U.S.A. http://dx.doi.org/10.3334/CDIAC/hippo_011 (Release 20121129)

*** Users are encouraged to include the Data File Name(s) with the citation to document the data file and version used for reproducibility. Please append: “[File name(s): list file name(s) or reference another included table or source that lists the files]”

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Data files with version control information:

Data Product	File Name w/Version	Date Published	Date Superseded	Change Description
PWMC data	HIPPO_profile_pw_tot_col_mean_20121129.tbl	20121129		First archived version
PWMC data	HIPPO_profile_pw_tot_col_wt_20121129.tbl	20121129		First archived version
PWMC data	HIPPO_profile_pw_10km_col_mean_20121129.tbl	20121129		First archived version
PWMC data	HIPPO_profile_pw_10km_col_wt_20121129.tbl	20121129		First archived version
PWMC data	HIPPO_profiles_100m_intervals_20121129.tbl	20121129		First archived version

There are five space-delimited format ASCII files included with this data set. They have been compressed into one *.zip file for convenient download.

Document	File Name w/Version	Date Published	Date Superseded	Change Description
PWMC user's guide	HIPPO_PWCM_users_guide_20121204.pdf	20121204		The user's guide was updated to correct (1) an incorrect Release Date in the title and Citation. [From 20121130 to 20121129] and (2) an incorrect DOI in the citation. DOI changed from hippo_012 to hippo_011.
	HIPPO_PWCM_users_guide_20121130.pdf	20121130	20121204	First distributed version

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HIPPO Project

The HIAPER Pole-to-Pole Observations (HIPPO) study is investigating the Carbon Cycle and greenhouse gases throughout various altitudes of the western hemisphere through the annual cycle. HIPPO is supported by the National Science Foundation (NSF) and its operations are managed by the Earth Observing Laboratory (EOL) of the National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR). Its base of operations is EOL's Research Aviation Facility (RAF) at the Rocky Mountain Metropolitan Airport (RMMA) in Jefferson County, Colorado. The main goal of this study is to determine the global distribution of carbon dioxide and other trace atmospheric gases by sampling at various altitudes and latitudes in the Pacific Basin.



Figure 1. NSF/NCAR G-V aircraft at various locations during Mission 1.

Data and Documentation Access:

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Get Data:

Integrated-product data access at CDIAC: (<http://hippo.ornl.gov/dataaccess>)

EOL HIPPO Data Archive and Web Site: Download imagery, publications, supporting documentation, and component data: (www.eol.ucar.edu/projects/hippo)

Links to Companion Files and Supplemental Information:

HIPPO Instrument Description Document:

(ftp://cdiac.ornl.gov/pub/HIPPO/HIPPO_all_docs/HIPPO_Instrument_Descriptions_20121116.doc)

Data Dictionary:

(ftp://cdiac.ornl.gov/pub/HIPPO/HIPPO_all_docs/HIPPO_data_dictionary.xls)

EOL HIPPO Data Quality Reports: (www.eol.ucar.edu/projects/hippo)

- Mission Data Quality Reports
- Investigator provided “Readme Files”

HIPPO Data Policy -- Sharing, Access, and Use Recommendations:

(http://cdiac.ornl.gov/pub/HIPPO/HIPPO_all_docs/HIPPO_Full_Data_Policy.pdf)

UCAR HIPPO Project Web Site: <http://hippo.ucar.edu/>

HIPPO Flight Tracks in Google Earth: [Download *.kmz files for Google Earth](#)

HIPPO Data Fair Use

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Before you use HIPPO data, please first familiarize yourself with the HIPPO Data Fair Use agreement below. Your cooperation is appreciated.

The HIPPO data provided on this public archive are freely available and were furnished by HIPPO researchers who encourage their use. Data users are encouraged to consider the following recommendations for fair, appropriate, and optimal use of data products.

HIPPO Scientist Interactions:

- Please kindly inform the HIPPO scientist(s) associated with each data product about the new data analysis activity near the beginning of the effort, and of any publication plans as the effort nears completion.
- Consult with the respective HIPPO scientist(s) concerning your data analysis plans to assure that the latest data product is being used and that it is being used appropriately.
- HIPPO science team members are listed at <http://hippo.ucar.edu/team>. Alternatively, initiate contact with Dr. Steven C. Wofsy (swofsy@seas.harvard.edu), Lead Principal Investigator.

Acknowledgments:

- Please acknowledge (1) the use of HIPPO data products with a citation as provided in the data archive documentation, and (2) website information downloads as a bibliographic web citation.
- Acknowledge the agency or organization (e.g., NSF and NOAA) that supported the collection of the original HIPPO data when publishing new analyses and results using HIPPO data products.
- Please submit a HIPPO publication reference or reprint at http://www.eol.ucar.edu/projects/hippo/publications/publication_refs.html of your independent work so that all publications resulting from HIPPO data products may be tracked, recorded, and referenced.

Read the complete **HIPPO Data Policy: Sharing, Access, and Use Recommendations**


(ftp://cdiac.ornl.gov/pub/HIPPO/HIPPO_all_docs/HIPPO_Full_Data_Policy.pdf)


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Temporal and Spatial (horizontal) Coverage of Research Flights


These tables describe at a general level the mission-by-mission research flights

Mission	Flight Path Notes	Flight Path
HIPPO-1	Northern polar flight #1 reached 80° N.	
Sampling Dates	Southbound Pacific flights followed the typical central flight path.	
January 8 to January 30, 2009	Southern ocean flight reached 67° S, 175° W	
Vertical Profiles Flown	The northbound flights followed an Eastern Pacific Route over Central and Southern North America.	
138	HIPPO-1 was only mission to not return to the Arctic a second time.	

Mission	Flight Path Notes	Flight Path
HIPPO-2	Northern polar flight #1 reached 80° N.	
Sampling Dates	Both southbound and northbound Pacific flights followed a central flight path.	
October 31 to November 22, 2009	Southern ocean flight reached 66° S, 174° W	
Vertical Profiles Flown	Northern polar flight #2 reached 83° N.	
148		

Mission	Flight Path Notes	Flight Path
HIPPO-3	Northern polar flight #1 reached 84.75° N.	
Sampling Dates	Both southbound and northbound Pacific flights followed a central flight path.	
March 24 to April 16, 2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Southbound RF04 reached 41,000 feet over the equator allowing insight into the atmospheric cross section near the Intertropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ). Northbound RF09 was coordinated to track with the NASA Global Hawk (50,000 feet higher) and both intercepted the track of the NASA Aura satellite, which carries the Microwave Limb Sounder (MLS). 	
Vertical Profiles Flown	Southern ocean flight reached 66.8° S, 170° E.	
136	Northern polar flight #2 reached 85° N. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Polar flight RF10 flew three 500 feet altitude by 5 minute legs crossing extensive networks of fractures in ice 	

Mission	Flight Path Notes	Flight Path
HIPPO-4	Northern polar flight #1 reached 84° N.	 <p>The map displays the flight path for HIPPO-4 in yellow. It shows a complex route starting from the Pacific Ocean, heading north to the North Pole, then south through the North Atlantic and Europe, around the South Atlantic and Africa, and back to the Pacific Ocean. Labels on the map include 'Zoom in', 'Australia', 'Pacific Ocean', 'NORTH AMERICA', and 'SOUTH AMERICA'. The Google logo and 'Imagery ©2012 NASA - Terms of Use' are visible at the bottom.</p>
Sampling Dates	Southbound Pacific flights followed the typical central flight path.	
June 14 to July 11, 2011	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the Southern Pacific, a Chilean volcanic ash cloud caused a schedule change. Flights were delayed to allow ash-free air masses to move in to permit safe sampling. High latitude air masses were also pushed south, which limited GV access to Polar air. 	
Vertical Profiles Flown	Southern ocean flight reached 58° S, 145° E.	
175	<p>The northbound flights followed a Western Pacific route but the earthquake and tsunami in Japan necessitated a less westerly return than was planned.</p> <p>Northern polar flight #2 reached 82° N.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Polar flight RF11 flew over Point Hope, AK and traversed open ocean, scattered ice, flooded ice, and ice with melt ponds with a low altitude transect ranging from 500 to 5,000 feet. Solid ice was not reached by turnaround at 82N. 	

Mission	Flight Path Notes	Flight Path
HIPPO-5	Northern polar flight #1 reached 82° N.	 <p>The map displays the flight path for HIPPO-5 in yellow. It shows a route starting from the Pacific Ocean, heading north to the North Pole, then south through the North Atlantic and Europe, around the South Atlantic and Africa, and back to the Pacific Ocean. Labels on the map include 'Zoom in', 'AUSTRALIA', 'Pacific Ocean', 'NORTH AMERICA', and 'SOUTH AMERICA'. The Google logo and 'Imagery ©2012 NASA - Terms of Use' are visible at the bottom.</p>
Sampling Dates	Both southbound and northbound Pacific flights followed a central flight path.	
August 9 to September 8, 2011	<p>Southern ocean flight reached 67° S, 164° E.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flight RF09 reached the ice edge; one profile crossed the edge and another profile was over solid ice. 	
Vertical Profiles Flown	Northern polar flight #2 reached 87° N.	
190		

Bounding Box for All Research Flights:



Flight paths for all five Missions

Longitude	Longitude	Northernmost Latitude	Southernmost Latitude
128.2 E	-84.0 W	87.04313 N	-67.15801 S

Spatial Coverage (vertical) of Research Flights

The 10-second merged data are highly time resolved due to the component 1-second in situ reporting frequency and vertically-resolved as well because of GV flight plans that performed 787 vertical ascents /descents from the ocean/ice surface/land surface to as high as the tropopause. It was planned to have two maximum altitude ascents per flight to the tropopause/lower stratosphere, one in the first half and one in the second half of a research flight. In between, several vertical profiles from below the planetary boundary layer (PBL) to the mid-troposphere (1,000-28,000 feet) were flown.

- Profiles were flown approximately every 2.2° of latitude with 4.4° between consecutive near-surface or high-altitude samples.
- Rate of climb and descent was 1,500 ft/ minute (457 m/minute).
- During these profiles, the GV averaged a ground speed of about 175 m/sec or 10 km/min.

Typical Flight Plan

Ideally a flight would take off and go to FL430 (43,000 ft or 13,100 m) over the first 15 minutes, then descend below FL290 (29,000 ft or 8,850 m) and proceed in a sawtooth pattern between

FL270 (27,000 ft or 8250 m) and FL10 (1,000 ft or 300 m) with a 1,500 ft (457 m)/minute climb/descent rate, then climb to FL450 (45,000 ft or 13,700 m) near the end of the flight for about 15 minutes, then descend, and proceed to the airport.

Most of a flight was conducted below the international Reduced Vertical Separation Minimum (RVSM) usually 29,000 ft or 8,850 m, in order to allow the G-V to descend and climb constantly to collect data at different altitudes throughout the troposphere. All flights plans were subject to modifications depending upon local atmospheric conditions and approval by air traffic control.

On average, consecutive profile samples in the midtroposphere are separated by 2.2° of latitude, with 4.4° between consecutive near-surface or high-altitude samples. Most profiles extended from approximately 300 to 8,500 m altitude, constrained by air traffic, but significant profiling extended above approximately 14 km.

Flight Patterns

These two images provide a good visualization of the typical HIPPO flight pattern, which is designed to sample the global distribution of carbon dioxide and other trace atmospheric gases at various altitudes and latitudes in the Pacific Basin.

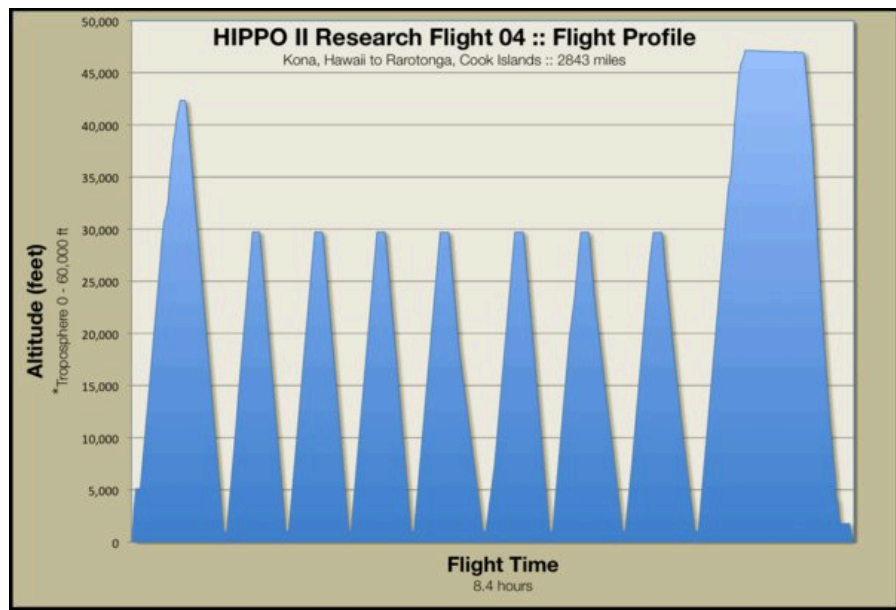


Figure 2. Example of NSF/NCAR G-V aircraft flight pattern. Eighteen profiles are shown in the image; the ascending and descending flight paths of each peak are a separate profile.

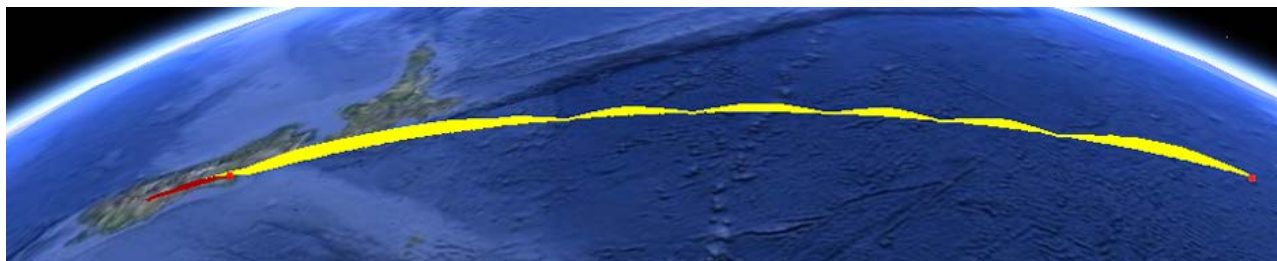


Figure 3. Example of NSF/NCAR G-V aircraft flight pattern. The x-axis in this figure is space and is a more realistic representation of the vertical aspect of a flight than in Figure 2.

Temporal Resolution of Profile Observations

The temporal resolution of pressure-weighted mean column concentrations is 10 seconds.

The 10-second merged data product was derived by combining the NSF/NCAR GV aircraft navigation and atmospheric structure parameters for position, time, temperature, pressure, wind speed, etc., reported at 1-second frequency, with meteorological, atmospheric chemistry and aerosol measurements made by several teams of investigators on a common time basis.

Investigators reported most continuously measured parameters at a 1-second interval. The 1 second measurements were aggregated with a median filter to 10 seconds. The fast-sample GC and whole air sample measurements, collected consistent with a ~10 second sampling time but reported at the greater than 10 second intervals (15-120 seconds including processing time), were aggregated to the most representative 10 second sample interval.

Included with each 10 second observation are several NSF/NCAR G-V aircraft altitude, latitude, and longitude measures and additional scalar and vector measures of horizontal and vertical velocity. Select the most appropriate position and velocity measures for your data use.

Some chemical measurements collected over a short time and therefore included here are reported at longer intervals; values for these columns are missing (NA) in most data rows.

Data Center Note: To provide a more complete description of the temporal resolution of measurements, we will be developing a table that lists for each instrument or sampling device, the native sampling duration, the reporting or integration interval, and the inter-sample interval.

Data Sources Note: The sources of the data for the pressure-weighted mean concentrations are the same as the 10-second merged product. Please see the documentation for that data set.

Temporal and Spatial Resolution of Individual Measurements

Values from the 10-second merge data set have been aggregated as pressure-weighted mean concentrations for the defined vertical column intervals.

The durations of the individual profiles depends, in part, upon the initial and final altitudes; the range is from 12 to 52 minutes per profile.

During these profiles, the GV will average a ground speed of about 175 m/sec or 10 km/min.

A note about North American training and research flights:

For Mission 2-5, results of measurements collected during instrument check training flights and research flights conducted over North America are included in the data file. For Missions 2, 3, and 4, the training flights have “flt” values of -1 and 0. For Mission 5, research flights have “flt” values of 1 and 2. Users may want to exclude those from their HIPPO data analyses. The next flight in the series, the first HIPPO flight, originated at NCAR's Earth Observing Laboratory, Research Aviation Facility (RAF), located at the Rocky Mountain Metropolitan Airport (KBJC), Broomfield, CO and proceeded to Anchorage, AK.

Note that the first research flight for Mission 1 originated in Billings, MT, and has a “flt” value of 2.

Data Dictionary:

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These data are considered at **Quality Level 2**. Level 2 indicates a complete, externally consistent data product that has undergone interpretative and diagnostic analysis by HIPPO researchers. Sampling, data collection and instrument calibration issues are identified in the daily mission summary reports, daily technician's reports and the Project Managers' Data Quality Reports, and have been addressed to the extent possible as indicated in the metadata.

Note that the **data file is space delimited and uses “NA” as the missing value code**. NA is typically used in data products processed by “R”.

In the total and 10-km column data files, pressure-weighted mean parameter values are provided as the rows rather than columns. The column headings are the mission and profile number (e.g., X1.021 is the twenty-first profile of the HIPPO 1 Mission). Each row contains all of the pressure-weighted mean values for a specific parameter for all profiles across all missions. Profiles with no parameter values are “NA”.

The respective *_wt files for the total and 10-km column data files, have the same structure. Each row contains all of the fractions of non-missing values for a specific parameter for all

profiles across all missions. Profiles with all missing values for a given parameter have a value of 0 (zero). For the GC and whole air sample measurements with lower sampling frequency, the fractions are considerably smaller than for the 10 second measurements.

Below are descriptions of the two data files structures:

Total and 10-km files and 100-m data structures.

Total and 10-km column data and respective weight (fraction of non-missing values) data files

In the total and 10-km column data files, pressure-weighted mean values are provided for a particular variable for all profiles in one row rather than in one column.

Column headings are the mission and profile number (e.g., X1.021 is the twenty-first profile of the HIPPO 1 Mission). There are a total of 787 profiles.

Data File Structure Outline:

Total and 10-km column pressure-weighted mean parameter data

Param	X1.001	X1.002	X1.003	...	X5.198
H.no	1	1	1	...	5
Year	2009	2009	2009	...	2011
n.prof	1	2	3	...	198
UTC	73967.46	77999.36	79390.41	...	74779.6
...				...	
...				...	
APO.X	-279.4	-275.79	-274.13	...	-283.05
CO.X	107.18	109.52	118.65	...	NA
z.min	1223.37597 7	1255.410034	845.814026	...	1832.97998
z.max	12036.4658 2	11994.08594	7910.60791	...	10485.54004

Data File Structure Outline:

Total and 10-km column weight (fraction of non-missing values) data. Parameters APO.X and CO.X have weight values.

Param	X1.001	X1.002	X1.003	...	X5.198
H.no	1	1	1	...	5
Year	2009	2009	2009	...	2011
n.prof	1	2	3	...	198
UTC	1	1	1	...	1
...
APO.X	0.43	0.92	0.92	...	0.61
CO.X	0.64	1	1	...	0
z.min	1223.375977	1255.410034	845.814026	...	1832.97998
z.max	12036.46582	11994.08594	7910.60791	...	10485.54004

Full listing of parameters.

Column	Column name	Expanded description	Unit	Unit long name	Instrument code	Instrument / source detail
1	APO.X	Apparent potential oxygen (APO) based on best available data. See Data Dictionary's More Information worksheet.	per meg	per meg	AO2-QCLS-OMS	Various
2	APO_AO2	Atmospheric potential oxygen (APO). See Data Dictionary's More Information worksheet.	per meg	per meg	AO2-M	NCAR Airborne Oxygen Instrument
3	ATX	Temperature of the ambient air outside the aircraft	deg C	degree Celsius	GV-AV	GV Avionics
4	BC_ng_kg	Black carbon (accumulation mode 100-600 nm assuming 1.8 g/cc density)	ng/kg	nanogram per kilogram of air	SP2	Single particle soot photometer
5	BC_ng_m3	Black carbon (accumulation mode 100-600 nm assuming 1.8 g/cc density)	ng/m3	nanogram per cubic meter of air	SP2	Single particle soot photometer
6	CFC_11_P	CFC-11 (CCI3F)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
7	CFC_113_P	CFC-113 (CCI2FCCIF2)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment

Column	Column name	Expanded description	Unit	Unit long name	Instrument code	Instrument / source detail
8	CFC_12_P	CFC-12 (CCl2F2)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
9	CH4_P	Methane (CH4)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
10	CH4_QCLS	Methane (CH4)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	QCLS-IR	Quantum Cascade Laser System (NCAR system built by Harvard/Aerodyne)
11	CH4_UGC	Methane (CH4)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UGC	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
12	CO.X	Carbon monoxide (CO) based on best available data	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	Various-Integ	Data integration
13	CO_P	Carbon monoxide (CO)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
14	CO_QCLS	Carbon monoxide (CO)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	QCLS-NDIR	Quantum Cascade Laser System (NCAR system built by Harvard/Aerodyne)
15	CO_RAF	Carbon monoxide (CO)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	GV-AEROLASER	GV AeroLaser VUV CO sensor
16	CO_UGC	Carbon monoxide (CO)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UGC	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
17	CO2.X	Carbon dioxide (CO2) based on best available data	ppmv	part per million dry air mole fraction	Various-Integ	Data integration
18	CO2_AO2	Carbon dioxide (CO2) ppm	ppm	part per million dry air mole fraction	AO2-IR	NCAR Airborne Oxygen Instrument
19	CO2_OMS	Carbon dioxide (CO2)	ppmv	part per million dry air mole fraction	OMS	Harvard Licor 6251 NDIR CO2 sensor, heritage NASA "Observations of the Middle Stratosphere"
20	CO2_QCLS	Carbon dioxide (CO2)	ppmv	part per million dry air mole fraction	QCLS-NDIR	Quantum Cascade Laser System (NCAR system built by Harvard/Aerodyne)
21	CONC1DC_LWO	Cloud water droplet (40-600 um) concentration	number/L	number per liter	GV-1DOAP	One Dimensional Optical Array Probe
22	CONC2C_LWO	Cloud water droplet (25-800 um) concentration	number/L	number per liter	GV-2DOAP	Two Dimensional Optical Array Probe

Column	Column name	Expanded description	Unit	Unit long name	Instrument code	Instrument / source detail
23	CONCD_LWI	Cloud water droplet (2-50 um) concentration	number/cm3	number per cubic centimeter	GV-CDP	Cloud droplet probe on GV
24	CONCU_RWI	Particle number density	number per cm3	number per cubic centimeter	UHSAS	Ultra-high sensitivity aerosol spectrometer
25	CONCU100_RWI	Concentration of particles 0.1 micrometer and larger	number/cm3	number per cubic centimeter	UHSAS	Ultra-high sensitivity aerosol spectrometer
26	CONCU500_RWI	Concentration of particles 0.5 micrometer and larger	number/cm3	number per cubic centimeter	UHSAS	Ultra-high sensitivity aerosol spectrometer
27	DBAR1DC_LWO	Mean water droplet particle diameter?	um	micrometer	GV-2D-C	2D-C Probe
28	DBARD_LWI	Mean water droplet particle diameter?	um	micrometer	GV-CDP	Cloud droplet probe on GV
29	Dist	Cumulative distance from takeoff	km	kilometer	NA	Not applicable
30	H2_P	Hydrogen (H2)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
31	H2_UGC	Hydrogen (H2)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UGC	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
32	H2O_UWV	Water vapor (H2O)	ppmv	part per million dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UWV	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
33	H2Oppmv_vxl	Water (H2O) mole fraction	ppmv	part per million dry air mole fraction	GV-VCSEL	GV near-infrared vertical cavity surface emitting laser (VCSEL) hygrometer
34	Halon_1211_P	CFC-12b1 (Halon 1211, CF2ClBr)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
35	N2O_P	Nitrous oxide (N2O)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
36	N2O_QCLS	Nitrous oxide (N2O)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	QCLS-IR	Quantum Cascade Laser System (NCAR system built by Harvard/Aerodyne)
37	N2O_UGC	Nitrous oxide (N2O)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UGC	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
38	O2_AO2	Oxygen (O2) per meg	per meg	per meg (see reference)	AO2-VUV	NCAR Airborne Oxygen Instrument

Column	Column name	Expanded description	Unit	Unit long name	Instrument code	Instrument / source detail
39	O3_ppb	Ozone (O3)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UV-PHOT-N	UV ozone photometer (NOAA)
40	O3_UO3	Ozone (O3)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-PHOT	2B (modified) UV ozone photometer (UCATS)
41	PAN_P	Peroxyacetyl nitrate (C2H3NO5)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
42	PSXC	Reference static pressure: research static pressure corrected for airflow effects	hPa	hectopascal	GV-PS	GV Paroscientific Model 1000, using fuselage holes
43	SF6_P	Sulfur hexafluoride (SF6)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
44	SF6_UGC	Sulfur hexafluoride (SF6)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UGC	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
45	THETA	Potential temperature	K	kelvin	GV-MULTIPLE	Multiple GV instruments
46	THETA_E	Equivalent potential temperature	K	kelvin	GV-UCATS	GV and UCATS instruments
47	THETA_V	Virtual potential temperature	K	kelvin	GV-UCATS	GV and UCATS instruments
48	flt	Flight sequence number within the mission	None	None	NA	Not applicable
49	DOY	Day of the year	d	day	NA	Not applicable
50	GGLAT	Latitude from GPS, datum WGS84	decimal degree	decimal degree	GV-NOGPS	GV Novatel Omnistar-enabled GPS (Reference)
51	GGLON	Longitude from GPS, datum WGS84	decimal degree	decimal degree	GV-NOGPS	GV Novatel Omnistar-enabled GPS (Reference)
52	H.no	HIPPO mission number (1 through 5)	None	None	NA	Not applicable
53	n.prof	Profile number, u. sequential within mission	None	None	NA	Not applicable
54	PALT	Pressure altitude	m	meter	NACA	National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics method
55	UTC	Elapsed flight time, seconds, since 0000 UTC on day flight started	s	second	GV-TIME	GV time synchronized to GPS
56	Year	Year	y	year	NA	Not applicable
57	z.max	Maximum altitude for the profile	m	meter	NA	Not applicable

Column	Column name	Expanded description	Unit	Unit long name	Instrument code	Instrument / source detail
58	z.min	Minimum altitude for the profile	m	meter	NA	Not applicable

Example Data Records

Note that the **data file is space delimited and use “NA” as the missing value code.** NA is typically used in data products processed by “R”.

Param	X1.001	X1.002	X1.003	X1.004	X1.005	X1.006	X1.007	X1.008	X1.009	X1.010	X1.011	X1.012	X1.013	X1.014	X1.015	X1.016	X1.017	X1.018	X1.019	X1.020	X1.021	X1.022	X1.023	X1.024	X1.025	X1.026	X1.027	X1.028	X1.029	X1.030	X1.031	X1.032	X1.033	X1.034	X1.035	X1.036	X1.037	X1.038	X1.039	X1.040	X1.041	X1.042	X1.043	X1.044	X1.045	X1.046	X1.047	X1.048	X1.049	X1.050	X1.051	X1.052	X1.053	X1.054	X1.055	X1.056	X1.057	X1.058	X1.059	X1.060	X1.061	X1.062	X1.063	X1.064	X1.065	X1.066	X1.067	X1.068	X1.069	X1.070	X1.071	X1.072	X1.073	X1.074	X1.075	X1.076	X1.077	X1.078	X1.079	X1.080	X1.081	X1.082	X1.083	X1.084	X1.085	X1.086	X1.087	X1.088	X1.089	X1.090	X1.091	X1.092	X1.093	X1.094	X1.095	X1.096	X1.097	X1.098	X1.099	X1.100	X1.101	X1.102	X1.103	X1.104	X1.105	X1.106	X1.107	X1.108	X1.109	X1.110	X1.111	X1.112	X1.113	X1.114	X1.115	X1.116	X1.117	X1.118	X1.119	X1.120	X1.121	X1.122	X1.123	X1.124	X1.125	X1.126	X1.127	X1.128	X1.129	X1.130	X1.131	X1.132	X1.133	X1.134	X1.135	X1.136	X1.137	X1.138	X2.001	X2.002	X2.003	X2.004	X2.005	X2.006	X2.007	X2.008	X2.009	X2.010	X2.011	X2.012	X2.013	X2.014	X2.015	X2.016	X2.017	X2.018	X2.019	X2.020	X2.021	X2.022	X2.023	X2.024	X2.025	X2.026	X2.027	X2.028	X2.029	X2.030	X2.031	X2.032	X2.033	X2.034	X2.035	X2.036	X2.037	X2.038	X2.039	X2.040	X2.041	X2.042	X2.043	X2.044	X2.045	X2.046	X2.047	X2.048	X2.049	X2.050	X2.051	X2.052	X2.053	X2.054	X2.055	X2.056	X2.057	X2.058	X2.059	X2.060	X2.061	X2.062	X2.063	X2.064	X2.065	X2.066	X2.067	X2.068	X2.069	X2.070	X2.071	X2.072	X2.073	X2.074	X2.075	X2.076	X2.077	X2.078	X2.079	X2.080	X2.081	X2.082	X2.083	X2.084	X2.085	X2.086	X2.087	X2.088	X2.089	X2.090	X2.091	X2.092	X2.093	X2.094	X2.095	X2.096	X2.097	X2.098	X2.099	X2.100	X2.101	X2.102	X2.103	X2.104	X2.105	X2.106	X2.107	X2.108	X2.109	X2.110	X2.111	X2.112	X2.113	X2.114	X2.115	X2.116	X2.117	X2.118	X2.119	X2.120	X2.121	X2.122	X2.123	X2.124	X2.125	X2.126	X2.127	X2.128	X2.129	X2.130	X2.131	X2.132	X2.133	X2.134	X2.135	X2.136	X2.137	X2.138	X2.139	X2.140	X2.141	X2.142	X2.143	X2.144	X2.145	X2.146	X2.147	X2.148	X3.001	X3.002	X3.003	X3.004	X3.005	X3.006	X3.007	X3.008	X3.009	X3.010	X3.011	X3.012	X3.013	X3.014	X3.015	X3.016	X3.017	X3.018	X3.019	X3.020	X3.021	X3.022	X3.023	X3.024	X3.025	X3.026	X3.027	X3.028	X3.029	X3.030	X3.031	X3.032	X3.033	X3.034	X3.035	X3.036	X3.037	X3.038	X3.039	X3.040	X3.041	X3.042	X3.043	X3.044	X3.045	X3.046	X3.047	X3.048	X3.049	X3.050	X3.051	X3.052	X3.053	X3.054	X3.055	X3.056	X3.057	X3.058	X3.059	X3.060	X3.061	X3.062	X3.063	X3.064	X3.065	X3.066	X3.067	X3.068	X3.069	X3.070	X3.071	X3.072	X3.073	X3.074	X3.075	X3.076	X3.077	X3.078	X3.079	X3.080	X3.081	X3.082	X3.083	X3.084	X3.085	X3.086	X3.087	X3.088	X3.089	X3.090	X3.091	X3.092	X3.093	X3.094	X3.095	X3.096	X3.097	X3.098	X3.099	X3.100	X3.101	X3.102	X3.103	X3.104	X3.105	X3.106	X3.107	X3.108	X3.109	X3.110	X3.111	X3.112	X3.113	X3.114	X3.115	X3.116	X3.117	X3.118	X3.119	X3.120	X3.121	X3.122	X3.123	X3.124	X3.125	X3.126	X3.127	X3.128	X3.129	X3.130	X3.131	X3.132	X3.133	X3.134	X3.135	X3.136	X4.001	X4.002	X4.003	X4.004	X4.005	X4.006	X4.007	X4.008	X4.009	X4.010	X4.011	X4.012	X4.013	X4.014	X4.015	X4.016	X4.017	X4.018	X4.019	X4.020	X4.021	X4.022	X4.023	X4.024	X4.025	X4.026	X4.027	X4.028	X4.029	X4.030	X4.031	X4.032	X4.033	X4.034	X4.035	X4.036	X4.037	X4.038	X4.039	X4.040	X4.041	X4.042	X4.043	X4.044	X4.045	X4.046	X4.047	X4.048	X4.049	X4.050	X4.051	X4.052	X4.053	X4.054	X4.055	X4.056	X4.057	X4.058	X4.059	X4.060	X4.061	X4.062	X4.063	X4.064	X4.065	X4.066	X4.067	X4.068	X4.069	X4.070	X4.071	X4.072	X4.073	X4.074	X4.075	X4.076	X4.077	X4.078	X4.079	X4.080	X4.081	X4.082	X4.083	X4.084	X4.085	X4.086	X4.087	X4.088	X4.089	X4.090	X4.091	X4.092	X4.093	X4.094	X4.095	X4.096	X4.097	X4.098	X4.099	X4.100	X4.101	X4.102	X4.103	X4.104	X4.105	X4.106	X4.107	X4.108	X4.109	X4.110	X4.111	X4.112	X4.113	X4.114	X4.115	X4.116	X4.117	X4.118	X4.119	X4.120	X4.121	X4.122	X4.123	X4.124	X4.125	X4.126	X4.127	X4.128	X4.129	X4.130	X4.131	X4.132	X4.133	X4.134	X4.135	X4.136	X4.137	X4.138	X4.139	X4.140	X4.141	X4.142	X4.143	X4.144	X4.145	X4.146	X4.147	X4.148	X4.149	X4.150	X4.151	X4.152	X4.153	X4.154	X4.155	X4.156	X4.157	X4.158	X4.159	X4.160	X4.161	X4.162	X4.163	X4.164	X4.165	X4.166	X4.167	X4.168	X4.169	X4.170	X4.171	X4.172	X4.173	X4.174	X4.175	X4.176	X4.177	X5.001	X5.002	X5.003	X5.004	X5.005	X5.006	X5.007	X5.008	X5.009	X5.010	X5.011	X5.012	X5.013	X5.014	X5.015	X5.016	X5.017	X5.018	X5.019	X5.020	X5.021	X5.022	X5.023	X5.024	X5.025	X5.026	X5.027	X5.028	X5.029	X5.030	X5.031	X5.032	X5.033	X5.034	X5.035	X5.036	X5.037	X5.038	X5.039	X5.040	X5.041	X5.042	X5.043	X5.044	X5.045	X5.046	X5.047	X5.048	X5.049	X5.050	X5.051	X5.052	X5.053	X5.054	X5.055	X5.056	X5.057	X5.058	X5.059	X5.060	X5.061	X5.062	X5.063	X5.064	X5.065	X5.066	X5.067	X5.068	X5.069	X5.070	X5.071	X5.072	X5.073	X5.074	X5.075	X5.076	X5.077	X5.078	X5.079	X5.080	X5.081	X5.082	X5.083	X5.084	X5.085	X5.086	X5.087	X5.088	X5.089	X5.090	X5.091	X5.092	X5.093	X5.094	X5.095	X5.096	X5.097	X5.098	X5.099	X5.100	X5.101	X5.102	X5.103	X5.104	X5.105	X5.106	X5.107	X5.108	X5.109	X5.110	X5.111	X5.112	X5.113	X5.114	X5.115	X5.116	X5.117	X5.118	X5.119	X5.120	X5.121	X5.122	X5.123	X5.124	X5.125	X5.126	X5.127	X5.128	X5.129	X5.130	X5.131	X5.132	X5.133	X5.134	X5.135	X5.136	X5.137	X5.138	X5.139	X5.140	X5.141	X5.142	X5.143	X5.144	X5.145	X5.146	X5.147	X5.148	X5.149	X5.150	X5.151	X5.152	X5.153	X5.154	X5.155	X5.156	X5.157	X5.158	X5.159	X5.160	X5.161	X5.162	X5.163	X5.164	X5.165	X5.166	X5.167	X5.168	X5.169	X5.170	X5.171	X5.172	X5.173	X5.174	X5.175	X5.176	X5.177	X5.178	X5.179	X5.180	X5.181	X5.182	X5.183	X5.184	X5.185	X5.186	X5.187	X5.188	X5.189	X5.190	X5.191	X5.192	X5.193	X5.194	X5.195	X5.196	X5.197	X5.198	...	CH4_QCLS	1843.22	1846.79	1862.52	1881.59	1881.67	1872.01	1869.61	1871.09	1870.48	1873.92	1873.09	1870.89	1867.83	1861.49	1834.96	1840.52	NA	1872.34	1867.75	1867.02	1865.54	1882.51	1885.79	1901.13	1867.4	1802.19	1849.05	1849.87	1868.77	1863.79	1862.71	1868.39	1864.41	1859.3	1859.86	1858.4	1857.4	1854.36	1852.82	1856.99	1844.23	1838.53	1833.06	1815.01	1793.4	1819.66	1818.75	1815.9	1812.83	1811.04	1806.74	1793.84	1784.99	1783.05	1777.25	1762.62	1760.44	1762.4	1763.81	1769.01	1762.45	1747.26	1750.27	1751.85	1754.23	1747.66	1747.86	1739.23	1740.99	1741.91	1740.91	1740.19	1740.85	1737.73	1738.47	1738.31	1737.77	1736.06	1736.22	1732.98	1735.13	1733.41	1733.5	1733.18	1734.58	1732.51	1727.02	1744.53	1747.83	1742.99	1738.25	1735.34	1735.08	1735.5	1736.84	1735.53	1741.2	1742.02	1738.32	1743.11	1741.35	1748.48	1759.67	1769.58	1758.54	1756.39	1753.04	1753.32	1753.16	1751.01	1756.65	1750.31	1745.86	1745.34	1739.71	1755.11	1755.01	1757.37	1761.93	1775.58	1780.38	1780.18	1781.96	1796.38	1808.27	1798.86	1796.92	1807.3	1807.57	1806.76	1811.61	1807.56	1808.69	1827.29	1846.3	1851.47	1852.27	1844.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1824.29	1845.34	1853.03	1872.97	1857.23	1830.39	1858.22	1875.87	1859.57	1869.36	1882.22	1880.52	1869.25	1877.81	1875.41	1869.22	1856.39	1854.84	1829.17	1855.71	1877.5	1870.95	1870.06	1865.48	1869.74	1867.81	1857.6	1854.04	1840.99	1850.64	1848.2	1846.46	1843.48	1832.63	1830.3	1820.28	1817.23	1815.17	1805.08	1796.24	1804.56	1788.42	1791.96	1776.54	1777.27	1770.19	1767.91	1769.79	1772.8	1765.76	1756.51	1757.85	1765.76	1763.86	1772.48	1765.1	1763.79	1763.01	1761.45	1761.63	1760.12	1761.81	1760.46	1762.55	1755.85	1758.48	1729.69	1760.36	1761.82	1760.34	1763.35	1762.67	1762.55	1759.56	1761.42	1759.98	1760.47	1760.28	1743.28	1756.8	1762.1	1756.08	1759.22	1762.29	1760.91	1770.4	1770.96	1760.64	1760.02	1763.32	1761.35	1755.72	1759.23	1776.72	1762.56	1767.74	1778.73	1781.01	1791	1799.94	1801.86	1809.47	1814.86	1826.53	1830.45	1827.47	1833.18	1835.78	1831	1840.21	1846.9	1849.22
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The 100-m interval file structure

In the 100-m interval file, pressure-weighted mean values are provided for one variable, and one profile in one row. Each variable has many repeated rows for the many profiles (one row per variable/profile combination).

Following columns that uniquely identify each row (mission, profile, parameter), the columns headings are the 100-m interval altitude mid-points from 50 - 14,950 m. Each row contains all of the pressure-weighted mean values for a specific parameter for a single profile. 100-m intervals with no parameter value are “NA”. Thus the data value portion of the file has “ragged” left and right edges for non-missing data values.

Columns that uniquely identify each row (mission, profile, parameter), following columns headings are the 100-m altitude interval mid-points from 50 - 14,950 meters			
Column name	desc_lay	unit	unit_long
Hno.nprof.Param	Index variable of combined mission, profile, parameter		
Param			
n.prof			
Year			
H.no			
flt			
DOY			
GGLAT			
GGLON			
Z.min			
Z.max			
50			
150			
...			
14950			

100-meter data file structure outline:

Hno.nprof.Param	Param	n.pro f	Year	H.n o	fl t	DO Y	GGLA T	GGLON	Z.min	Z.max	50	150	... 1495 0
1.001.ATX	ATX	1	2009	1	2	9	46.27	-109.37	1223.375977	12036.46582	NA	NA	... NA
...
1.020.ATX	CO2_OMS	20	2009	1	3	12	69.77	-148.71	138.376007	7986.678223	NA	-25.987833	... NA
1.021.ATX	CO2_QCLS	21	2009	1	3	12	70.6	-148.74	122.302002	7928.753906	NA	-26.612093	... NA
...
5.180.PSXC	PSXC	180	2011	5	2	249	60.73	-151.48	36.832001	13551.27441	985.6700526	976.2704467	... NA
5.181.PSXC	PSXC	181	2011	5	3	251	61.48	-150.07	165.003998	6024.496094	NA	NA	... NA
...
4.101.BC_ng_kg	BC_ng_kg	101	2011	4	6	179	-43.36	147.21	7.218	13233.80762	38.78857143	13.79351323	... NA
4.102.BC_ng_kg	BC_ng_kg	102	2011	4	7	182	-42.61	147.28	107.797997	5009.195801	NA	NA	... NA
...
5.184.CO.X	CO.X	184	2011	5	3	251	70.46	-147.45	136.367996	12339.5	NA	81.96131058	... NA
5.185.CO.X	CO.X	185	2011	5	3	251	72.13	-145.37	136.602005	8269.671875	NA	82.97311196	... NA

Pressure-weighted mean parameter values are provided as the rows rather than columns. Each row contains all of the pressure-weighted mean values for a specific parameter for a single profile. 100-m intervals with no parameter value are “NA”.

Data row	Row name	Expanded description	Unit	Unit long name	Instrument code	Instrument / source detail
1	ATX	Temperature of the ambient air outside the aircraft	deg C	degree Celsius	GV-AV	GV Avionics
2	PSXC	Reference static pressure: research static pressure corrected for airflow effects	hPa	hectopascal	GV-PS	GV Paroscientific Model 1000, using fuselage holes
3	THETA	Potential temperature	K	kelvin	GV-MULTIPLE	Multiple GV instruments
4	THETAE	Equivalent potential temperature	K	kelvin	GV-UCATS	GV and UCATS instruments
5	THETA V	Virtual potential temperature	K	kelvin	GV-UCATS	GV and UCATS instruments
6	CONC1DC_LWO	Cloud water droplet (40-600 um) concentration	number/L	number per liter	GV-1DOAP	One Dimensional Optical Array Probe
7	CONC2C_LWO	Cloud water droplet (25-800 um)	number/L	number per liter	GV-2DOAP	Two Dimensional Optical Array Probe

Data row	Row name	Expanded description	Unit	Unit long name	Instrument code	Instrument / source detail
		concentration				
8	DBAR1DC_LWO	Mean water droplet particle diameter?	um	micrometer	GV-2D-C	2D-C Probe
9	CONCD_LWI	Cloud water droplet (2-50 um) concentration	number/cm3	number per cubic centimeter	GV-CDP	Cloud droplet probe on GV
10	DBARD_LWI	Mean water droplet particle diameter?	um	micrometer	GV-CDP	Cloud droplet probe on GV
11	CONCU_RWI	Particle number density	number per cm3	number per cubic centimeter	UHSAS	Ultra-high sensitivity aerosol spectrometer
12	CONCU100_RWI	Concentration of particles 0.1 micrometer and larger	number/cm3	number per cubic centimeter	UHSAS	Ultra-high sensitivity aerosol spectrometer
13	CONCU500_RWI	Concentration of particles 0.5 micrometer and larger	number/cm3	number per cubic centimeter	UHSAS	Ultra-high sensitivity aerosol spectrometer
14	CO2_AO2	Carbon dioxide (CO2) ppm	ppm (or ppmv?)	part per million dry air mole fraction	AO2-IR	NCAR Airborne Oxygen Instrument
15	O2_AO2	Oxygen (O2) per meg	per meg	per meg (see reference)	AO2-VUV	NCAR Airborne Oxygen Instrument
16	APO_AO2	Atmospheric potential oxygen (APO)	per meg	per meg	AO2-M	NCAR Airborne Oxygen Instrument
17	CH4_QCLS	Methane (CH4)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	QCLS-IR	Quantum Cascade Laser System (NCAR system built by Harvard/Aerodyne)
18	N2O_QCLS	Nitrous oxide (N2O)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	QCLS-IR	Quantum Cascade Laser System (NCAR system built by Harvard/Aerodyne)
19	CO_QCLS	Carbon monoxide (CO)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	QCLS-NDIR	Quantum Cascade Laser System (NCAR system built by Harvard/Aerodyne)
20	CO2_OMS	Carbon dioxide (CO2)	ppmv	part per million dry air mole fraction	OMS	Harvard Licor 6251 NDIR CO2 sensor, heritage NASA "Observations of the Middle Stratosphere"
21	CO2_QCLS	Carbon dioxide (CO2)	ppmv	part per million dry air mole fraction	QCLS-NDIR	Quantum Cascade Laser System (NCAR system built by Harvard/Aerodyne)
22	CO_RAF	Carbon monoxide (CO)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	GV-AEROLASER	GV AeroLaser VUV CO sensor
23	O3_ppb	Ozone (O3)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UV-PHOT-N	UV ozone photometer (NOAA)

Data row	Row name	Expanded description	Unit	Unit long name	Instrument code	Instrument / source detail
24	BC_ng_kg	Black carbon (accumulation mode 100-600 nm)	ng/kg	nanogram per kilogram of air	SP2	Single particle soot photometer
25	BC_ng_m3	Black carbon (accumulation mode 100-600 nm)	ng/m3	nanogram per cubic meter of air	SP2	Single particle soot photometer
26	N2O_UGC	Nitrous oxide (N2O)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UGC	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
27	SF6_UGC	Sulfur hexafluoride (SF6)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UGC	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
28	CH4_UGC	Methane (CH4)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UGC	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
29	H2_UGC	Hydrogen (H2)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UGC	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
30	CO_UGC	Carbon monoxide (CO)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UGC	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
31	H2O_UWV	Water vapor (H2O)	ppmv	part per million dry air mole fraction	UCATS-UWV	Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Chromatograph for Atmospheric Trace Species
32	O3_UO3	Ozone (O3)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	UCATS-PHOT	B2B (modified) UV ozone photometer (UCATS)
33	H2Oppmv_vxl	Water (H2O) mole fraction	ppmv	part per million dry air mole fraction	GV-VCSEL	GV near-infrared vertical cavity surface emitting laser (VCSEL) hygrometer
34	N2O_P	Nitrous oxide (N2O)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
35	SF6_P	Sulfur hexafluoride (SF6)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
36	CFC_11_P	CFC-11 (CCl3F)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
37	CFC_12_P	CFC-12 (CCl2F2)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment

Data row	Row name	Expanded description	Unit	Unit long name	Instrument code	Instrument / source detail
38	CFC_113_P	CFC-113 (CCl2FCClF2)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
39	Halon_1211_P	CFC-12b1 (Halon 1211, CF2ClBr)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
40	H2_P	Hydrogen (H2)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
41	CH4_P	Methane (CH4)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
42	CO_P	Carbon monoxide (CO)	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
43	PAN_P	Peroxyacetyl nitrate (C2H3NO5)	pptv	part per trillion dry air mole fraction	PANTHER-ECD	PAN and other Trace Hydrohalocarbon Experiment
44	Dist	Cumulative distance from takeoff	km	kilometer	NA	Not applicable
45	CO2.X	Carbon dioxide (CO2) based on best available data	ppmv	part per million dry air mole fraction	Various-Integ	Data integration
46	APO.X	Apparent potential oxygen (APO) based on best available data	per meg?	per meg?	AO2-QCLS-OMS	Various
47	CO.X	Carbon monoxide (CO) based on best available data	ppbv	part per billion dry air mole fraction	Various-Integ	Data integration

Data Center Information:

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This data set is available through the Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center (CDIAC).

Data Archive:

Web Site: <http://hippo.ornl.gov/>

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